
ELECTROLUX – ZANUSSI - ALPENINOX

PROJECT ONE OVENS

- Service manual -

CONTENTS: This document contains the information about parameters that can be read and/or modified by means of user interface, service utilities,

PROJECT REF: ONE ovens

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1 Programming the default parameters

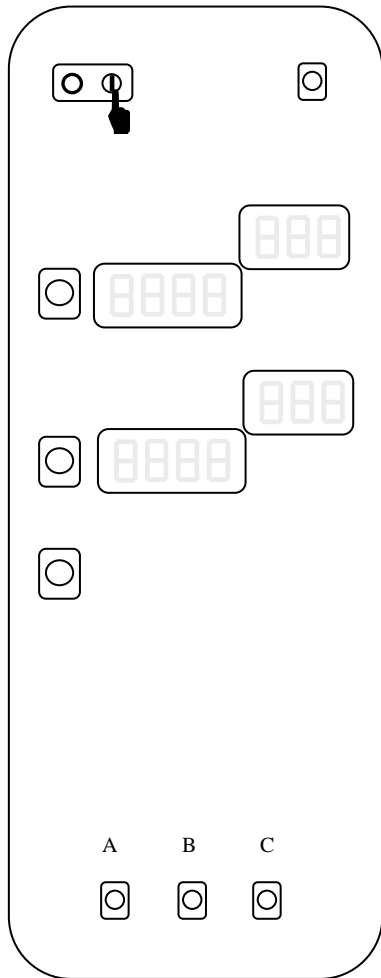


Fig. 1

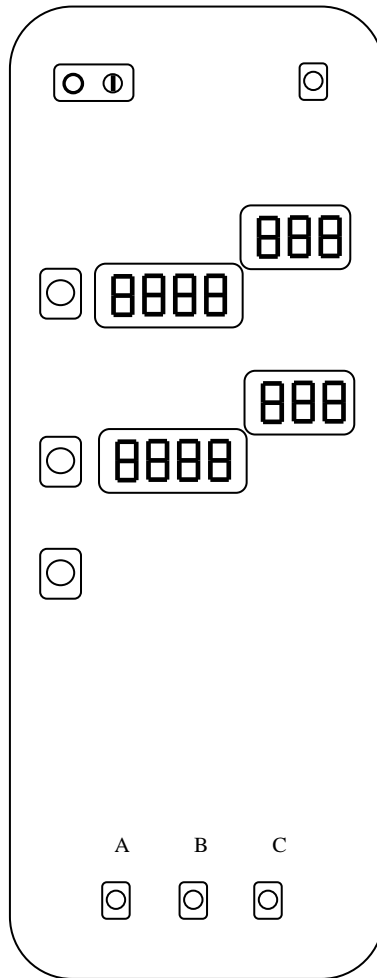


Fig. 2

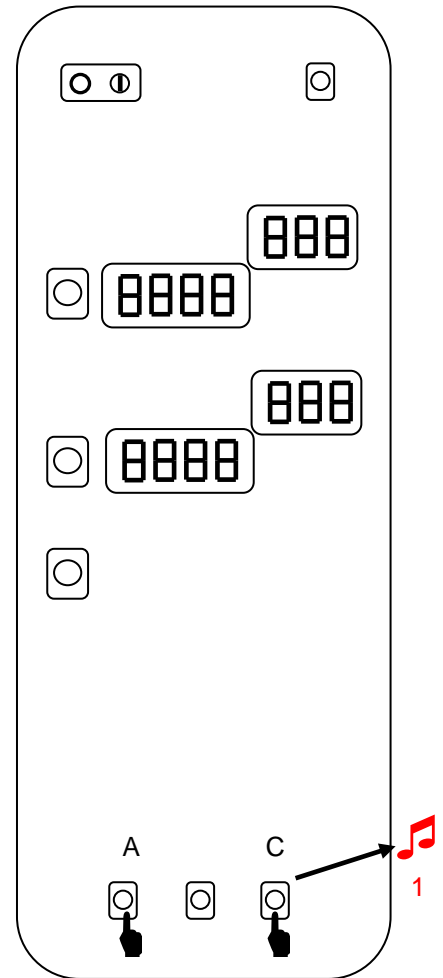


Fig. 3

Switch on the oven (fig. 1).

Just after the switching on, a lamp test will take place (fig 2).

At this point, during the lamp test phase, press the external service buttons **A&C** (fig.3) till you hear a beep.

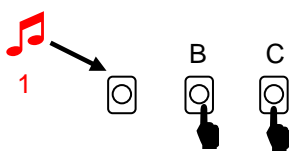


Fig. 4

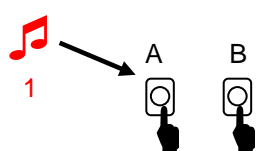


Fig. 5

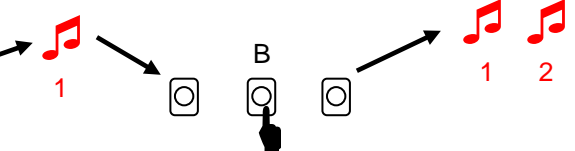


Fig. 6

At this point press the right service buttons **B&C** till you hear a beep (fig. 4).

Press then the left service buttons **A&B** till the beep (fig. 5).

At this point release the left button **A** keeping pressed the middle one **B** (fig. 6) till you hear 2 beeps.

Now release the middle button and, on the temperature display, you will see "PdEF": the oven will switch off and on automatically.

2 Advanced programming

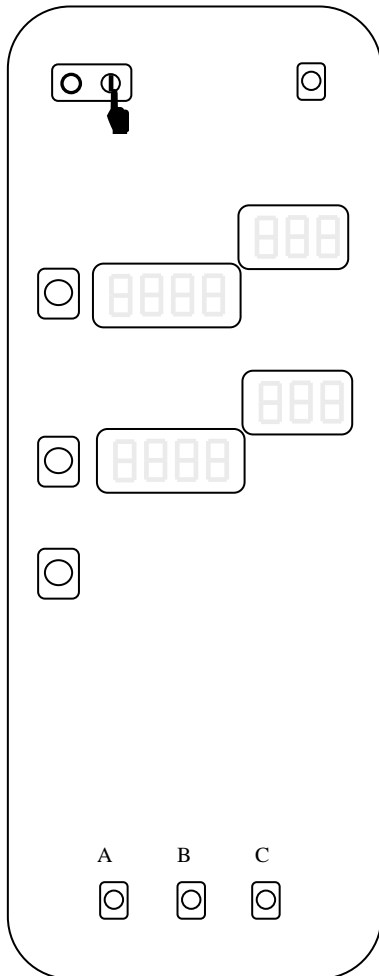


Fig. 7

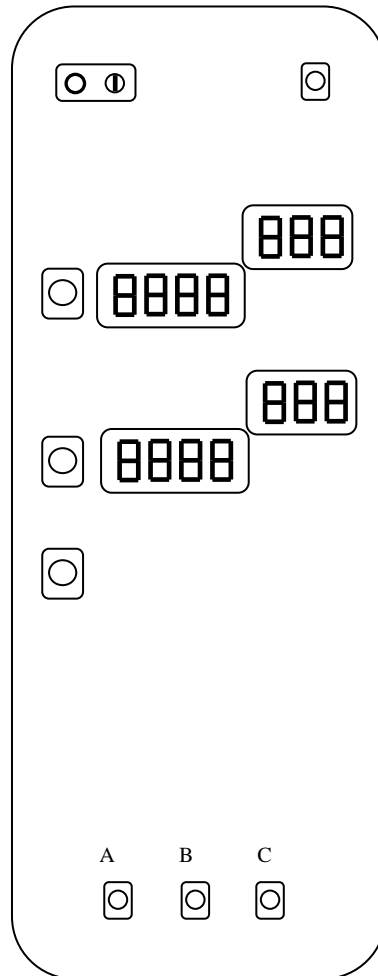


Fig. 8

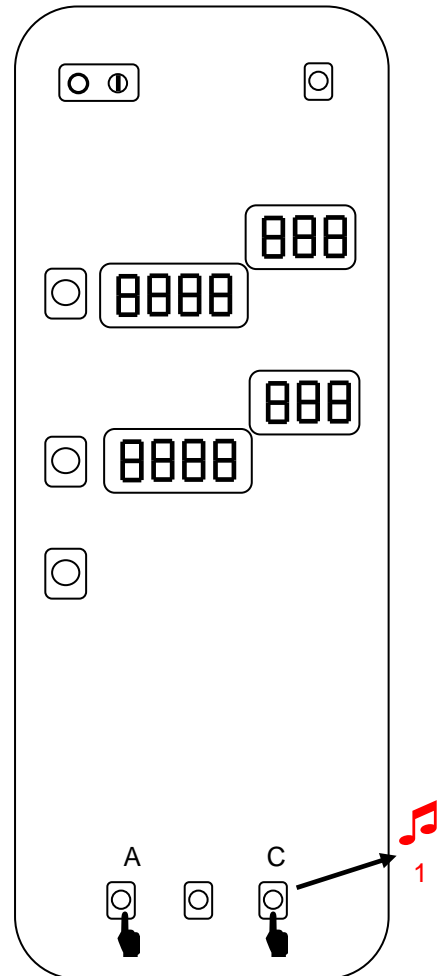


Fig. 9

The procedure to enter in advanced programming is similar to the procedure for programming the defaults parameters.

Switch on the oven (fig. 7).

Just after the switching on, a lamp test will take place (fig. 8).

At this point, during the lamp test, press the external service buttons **A&C** (fig.9) till you hear a beep.

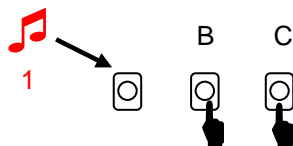


Fig. 10

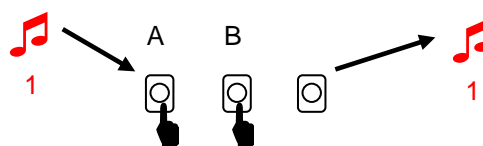


Fig. 11

At this point press the right buttons **B&C** till you hear a beep (fig. 10).

Press then the left service buttons **A&B** till the beep (fig. 11).

Release the buttons and on the temperature display you will see "P 1" while on the little display the name of the parameter will appear (fig. 12).

With the external service buttons (**A** or **C**) it is possible to scroll the list of the parameters.

Pressing the middle button **B** it is possible to see the value of the parameter (fig. 13) and pressing at this point the external buttons (**A** or **C**) it is possible to modify the value. Press again the middle button **B** to return to the displaying of the number of the parameter and to store the new value.

Switch off the oven to exit from programming.

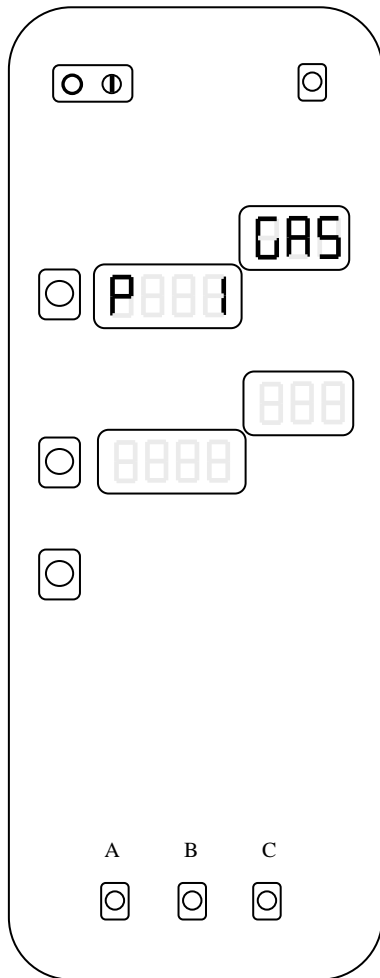


Fig. 12

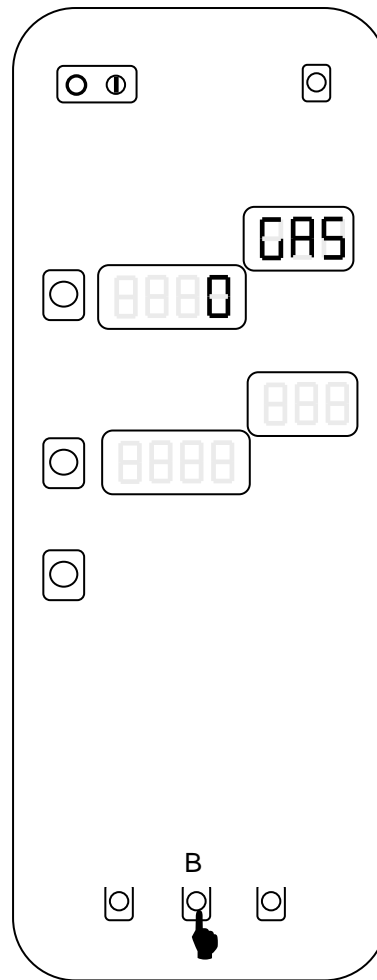


Fig. 13

3 By-pass calibration (only for lev. B, not required on lev.C)

In order to calibrate the by-pass probe on lev. B ovens. Follow these steps (During the procedure, the word "CAL" appears on the time display):

- 1) Switch on the oven
- 2) Enter in parameter programming and set parameters **cort** and **OCA1** to 0
- 3) Exit from programming and switch on again the oven
- 4) Select a steam cycle (100 °C)
- 5) Select continuous time (indication "cont" on time display)
- 6) Press and hold down the left service buttons (**A&B**) and then press the START button (fig. 14); the oven will give a long beep.
- 7) Release the three buttons and wait for the preheating of the boiler. Then wait for the stabilization of the temperature reading by the by-pass probe (check at intervals the by-pass temperature pressing the buttons **A&B**)
- 8) When the temperature has stabilized, press the three service buttons (**A&B&C**) together in order to memorize the value (fig. 15); the oven will confirm the storing with a long beep
- 9) Allow the oven to work for several minutes in steam mode checking the oven cavity temperature, which should stabilize at the water boiling point. If this reading is greater or less than the correct water boiling point¹, a corrective value can be stored in the parameter **OCA1**. Pushing the 3 service buttons to store the bypass temperature, the microprocessor will calculate and store also the value of **OCA1**.
- 10) Set parameter **cort** to 1.
- 11) Set the altitude above sea level of the site on parameter **SEAL**

¹ See Appendix A

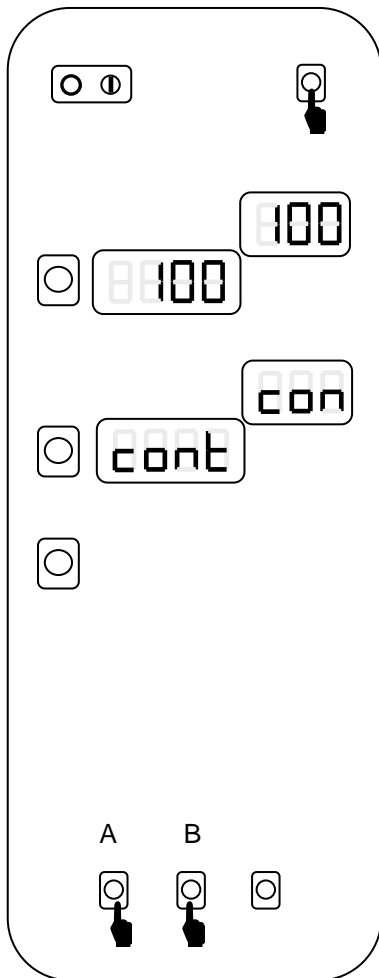


Fig. 14

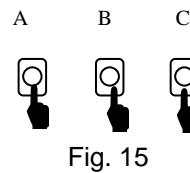


Fig. 15

4 Lambda probe calibration (only for lev. A ovens)

With this procedure we have to find the 0% point of humidity.

The procedure is done in a way similar to the by-pass calibration. During the procedure, the word "CAL" appears on the time display. These are the steps:

- 1) Set an hot air cycle, 160 °C, time over 15 minutes, open flap;
- 2) Start the cycle pressing together the left and middle service buttons (**A&B**) and the **START** button. The oven will give a long beep;
- 3) Wait around 10-15 minutes to dry completely the cavity;
- 4) Close the flap and wait around 20 seconds to stabilize the humidity inside the cavity;
- 5) To store the value press together the 3 service buttons (**A&B&C**). The oven will confirm with a long beep. The value is stored in the parameter OLbd. A correct value is in the range of -5 to -75.
- 6) Stop the cycle with the START button.

This calibration is very important and has to be done with care. If the dry point (0% of humidity) is not correctly stored, the reading of the relative humidity could be overestimated or underestimated.

IMPORTANT: If the value of OLbd is out of the correct range [-5 ; -75] the reasons are:

1. The calibration was not done correctly. The cavity was not completely dry. Do it again.
2. An electric/electronic problem. Please verify the follow:
 - 230V AC at the input of the lambda switching feeder
 - approximately 9.5V DC at the feeder's output
 - approximately 9.5V DC at the lambda input (if not, verify the cable integrity)
 - an output from the lambda in the range of [-50mV ; -1200mV] depending on the % of humidity in the cooking chamber
 - same value at the PCB input (connector X23). If there is no signal please verify the cable integrity
 - if the above conditions are respected and the value stored in the parameter OLbd is still out of the correct range, the problem is in the PCB.

5 Cavity offset calibration (for lev. A and C ovens)

In order to adjust the offset of the cavity probe, enter in parameter programming and set parameters **cort** and **OCA1** to 0.

Then run a steam cycle for several minutes and check the cavity temperature, which should stabilize at the water boiling point. If the stabilized cavity temperature is less or greater than the correct water boiling point², a corrective value can be stored in parameter **OCA1**.

After this, set parameter **cort** to 1 and set parameter **SEAL** (altitude above sea level).

6 Error codes

Errors can be divided into 2 categories: errors (they stop the appliance) and warnings (they do not stop the appliance).

6.1 Errors

EE2P: Communication error with the EEPROM

E---: If the controller detects one or more parameters which have values not permitting the minimum operational requirements, an error code will appear on the display, i.e. "E---" followed by the parameter number. Enter the programming mode and set the correct value according to the parameter list.

EtUC: Cavity over temperature; cavity temperature exceeded value stored in parameter **cot**.

EtUB: Boiler over temperature; boiler temperature exceeded value stored in parameter **bot**.

EFUN UP/DOWN: Activation of the thermal protection of the motor. On the little temperature display it will appear "UP" or "DOWN" according it is the thermal protection of the upper motor (and the motor of 6-10 grid ovens) or lower motor on 20-grid oven. The thermal protection has an automatic reset but in order to continue with the cooking process, parameter **ALFn** has to be reset to 0.

Etc: Tripping out of cavity limiter

Etb: Tripping out of boiler limiter

ESCH: Over temperature on the electronic board; check the cooling fan and the ventilation openings on the bottom of the control panel.

Ept1: cavity probe in open circuit (only the steam cycle – 100 °C can be selected)

Ept2: boiler probe in open circuit (only hot air cycle can be selected)

Ept3: meat probe in open circuit (only time cooking can be selected)

Ept4: by-pass probe in open circuit (only hot air, regeneration or low temperature steam cycle can be selected)

Ept8: NTC probe in short or open circuit

ECAD-EAD1...EAD5: Analogic/Digital converters not working (thermocouples input signal). Check input signal of all thermocouples, lambda sensor, food probe. Error can be reset with "on/off" button. If the error persist, change the power board.

Ertc : No communication with the clock. On lev. C set parameter Ertc to zero

E PM: Communication error with PWM system (only gas versions)

² See Appendix A

E SL: Water level probe error (probes in short circuit). If the boiler heating elements or burners are on for a time over that one defined in parameter **tbon** without a water charging phase, this error message is activated. To reset it, parameter **ALFn** has to be reset to 0.

burn CAUP: Lockout of cavity burner (gas oven) (the upper one in the 20 grid ovens)

burn CAdo: Lockout of lower cavity burner (gas oven) in 20 1/1 and 2/1 ovens

burn boUP: Lockout of boiler burner (gas oven) (the upper one in 20 2/1 ovens)

burn bodo: Lockout of lower boiler burner (gas oven)

6.2 Warnings

EH2O: Before the starting of the cleaning system and during its working, there are some check points of the water pressure. If the water pressure is too low this warning message appears on the display. Check the water pressure (1.5÷2.5 bar), check the correct working of the water pressure switch, check if there are obstructions on the cleaning water inlet pipe (its inner diameter must be 20 mm).

EFLP: Cavity ventilation flap failure; check the motoreducer or the micro switch that detects the close position of the flap. If the motoreducer does not close the flap within the time set in the firmware (40 sec), the error appears.

ELMb: lambda system error. The signal from the lambda probe is out of the range [-50mV ; 1200mV]

ECLO: Clock error, it appears if the clock was never adjusted or the battery is discharged

EPrG: Error in reading the phases of a multiphase recipe

EIND: Error in reading the index of the recipes

EDES: Error in reading the description of a recipe

ERAM: Communication error with the RAM

nFIP: Communication error of recipe display

FILL: Safety level probe of the boiler out of water

PrEH: Preheating phase of the boiler; it indicates the preheating phase of the cavity if the warning message appears on temperature display.

OPEN: boiler drain activated

COOL: Cavity cooling phase

dEt: low level of detergent

rAl: low level of rinser

rCLN: request for a cleaning cycle (manual or automatic); parameter **FCLn** is set to a value different from 0.

7 Firmware release

In order to check the version of the firmware, switch on the oven and wait for the lamp test and the end of the start-up phase (4 lines on the temperature display). When on the temperature display, the actual cavity temperature appears, pressing the three service buttons together on the display temperature the firmware version will appear. Pressing again these buttons, the board temperature will be displayed.

8 Working temperatures

While the oven is working, it is possible to see the temperature of the several probes pressing the service buttons. See the following figures:



Fig. 16
Boiler temperature
"t**bol**" on the display



Fig. 17
By-pass temperature
"t**byp**" on the display



Fig. 18
Meat probe temperature
"tPrb" on the display

Fig. 19
PCB temperature
"tntc" on the display

9 Service utilities

These utilities can be divided in 2 sets: utilities that can be activated with the oven switched on, utilities that can be activated with the oven in parameter programming

9.1 Utilities that can be activated with oven switched on

With the oven switched on and not in a cooking phase, pressing simultaneously the following buttons it is possible to activate the detergent, rinse pumps and water valve of the cleaning system:

- Combi cycle, temperature buttons (fig. 20): activation of detergent pump (**tdEt** appears on time display)
- Combi cycle, time buttons (fig. 21): activation of rinser pump (**trAI** appears)
- Combi cycle, utility buttons (fig. 22): activation of water valve of the cleaning system (**H200** appears at the beginning with pressure switch in open circuit, **H201** with closed circuit and water flowing at sufficient pressure)

These routines are achievable only on lev. A and lev. C ovens, i.e. with the parameter **dCLn** set to 0, closed door and cavity temperature less than 80 °C and with the oven not blocked with password.

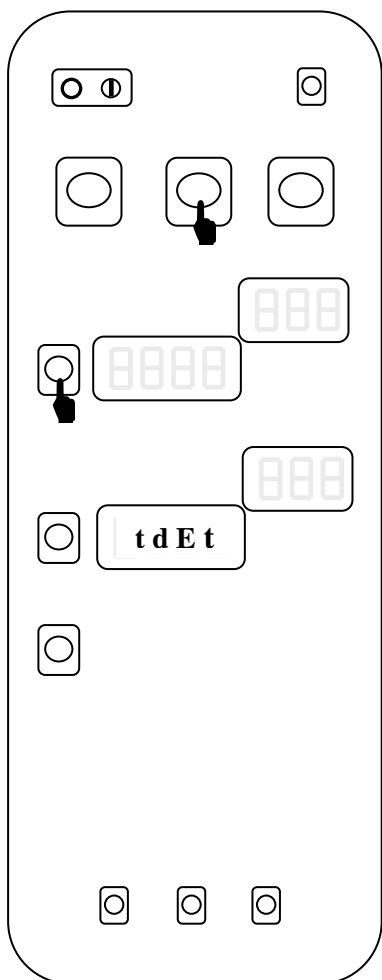


Fig. 20

DETERGENT PUMP

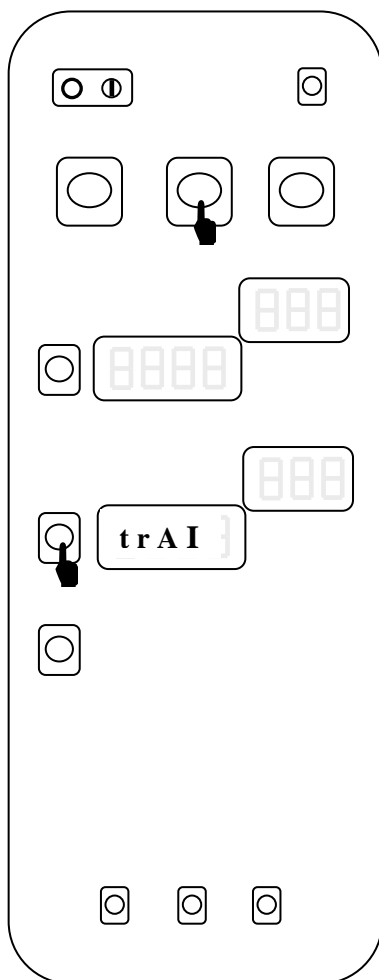


Fig. 21

RINSE PUMP

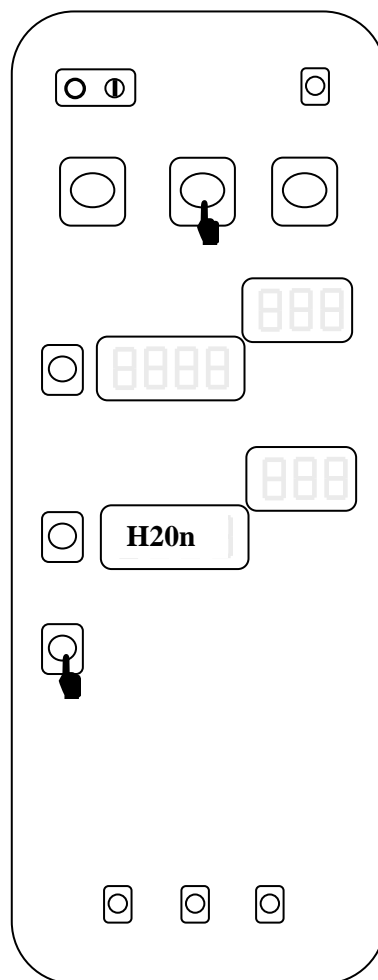


Fig. 22

WATER VALVE

9.2 Utilities that can be activated in parameter programming

- Pressing the steam cycle and hot air cycle buttons(lev. A and lev.B) or pressing Phase and Start button (on lev. B and lev. C), all the output relays are sequentially activated and on the time display it will be displayed the activated relay with the message **do1, do2, . (dox=RLx on the EWD)**. See **APPENDIX H**.
 - The steam cycle or phase button acts as main switch: if it is released, the test stops.
 - Each time the hot air cycle or start button is pressed, the next relay is activated and remains activated till the next pressure of the hot air cycle or start button.
 - If the hot air cycle or start button is kept pressed, the relays are sequentially activated.
- Pressing the time buttons, the time will be displayed
- Pressing the utility button, on the time display a 4-characters message will be displayed while on the little display will be shown a number with the following meanings

Big display	Meaning of the number on the little display
ntc	PCB temperature
Prb1	First meat probe temperature (lev. A)
Prb2	Second meat probe temperature (lev. A)
Prb3	Third meat probe temperature (lev. A)
Prb4	Fourth meat probe temperature (lev. A)
Prb5	Fifth meat probe temperature (lev. A)
Prb6	Sixth meat probe temperature (lev. A)
CEL1	First cavity temperature
CEL2	Second cavity temperature
boL1	First boiler probe
boL2	Second boiler probe
byP	Bypass probe
Prb	Single-point meat probe (lev. B)
HuM	KS contactor is activated for 15 s and the lambda probe is fed and after a while the cavity humidity will be displayed

If one of the probes is detecting the same temperature of the ntc probe (PCB temperature), the meanings are the following:

- 1) Probe in short circuit
- 2) Probe not connected (for example **Prb** on a lev. A oven)
- 3) Probe at the same temperature of the ntc probe

- Pressing the temperature button a lamp test is activated
- If the word "**HOLD**" in the utility section is green it means the door microswitch is in closed position
- If the word "**HACCP**" in the utility section is green it means the cavity flap microswitch is closed
- If the led "**open door**" is switched on in parameter programming mode, it means that the safety level probe of the boiler is detecting water
- If the led "**scale alarm**" is switched on in parameter programming mode, it means that the working level probe of the boiler is detecting water

10 Selection of the language for the recipe menu (lev. A)

It is possible to select a language for the menu of the recipes. To select the language, set parameter **Lang** to the correct value for the desired language (see the relevant parameter list).

11 Cleaning cycles (lev. A)

Each cleaning cycle can be divided into the repeating of 3 fundamental phases³:

Phase A

- Washing phase controlled through the parameters **CLt1** (time of detergent injection) and **CLt2** (time of detergent + water injection)

Phase C

- Rinsing and drying phase controlled through the parameters **CLt3** (time of rinse aid injection) and **CLt4** (time of water injection)

The cleaning cycles are composed according to the following table:

Cycle	Name of the program	Composition of the phases
SOFT CYCLE	CLEAN 1/SOFT	A+C
MEDIUM CYCLE	CLEAN 2/MEDIUM	2A+C
STRONG CYCLE	CLEAN 3/STRONG	4A+C
EXTRA-STRONG CYCLE	CLEAN 4/X-STRONG	6A+C

At the end of a cleaning cycle (at the end of the acoustic signal) the oven enter in a stand-by state, i.e. the user interface shows only the time and the ON-OFF button led is the only lit up led. The exit from this stand-by state takes place with an action from the user: pressing of a button of the user interface or opening the oven door.

NB: To check the correct water installation, make sure the rotating wash arm does not turn below 100 rpm (120 rpm max.)

12 Cycles, utilities, important parameters

Hot air cycle(Lev. A, B, C): Only the cavity heating elements/burners are working. The maximum temperature is 300 °C; if the set point is over 250 °C, the maximum working time that can be set is given by parameter **dutM**. If on a lev. A oven a humidity value is set, the lambda probe will control only the cavity flap.

Steam cycle(Lev.A, B): The maximum set point temperature is 100 °C (130 °C from firmware 2.6). Boiler heating elements/burners are controlled with the lambda probe (lev. A ovens) or with the by-pass probe (lev. B ovens) for a set point of 100 °C; for set point lower than 100 °C, the boiler is controlled with the cavity probe. If the set temperature is over 100 °C, also the cavity heating elements/burners are switched on.

Combi cycle(Lev.A, B, C): Boiler and cavity heating elements/burners are working (Lev. A, B). Cavity heating elements/burners are controlled with the cavity probe (Lev.A,B,C); boiler heating elements/burners are controlled by the lambda probe (lev. A ovens) or by the by-pass probe (lev. B ovens). In the Lev.C water is sprayed directly in the cavity fan with the umidifier. The maximum set point is 250 °C. From firmware 2.6, for a set point lower than 100 °C, to obtain the required steam the humidifier is used (not the boiler).

Regeneration cycle: In this cycle boiler and cavity heating elements/burners work alternatively during the first rising till the set point is reached. After the set point is reached, boiler and cavity works in parallel to maintain temperature and humidity.

DELTA-COOKING cycle: This cooking cycle is used with the meat probe and hot air, steam or combi cycle. For this cycle it is set a Delta temperature (let's call it Δ) and not a cavity set-point. The cavity will be thermostatically controlled to have in any moment a cavity temperature that is Δ °C over the meat probe temperature.

COOL: The cavity-cooling mode takes place with the fan running and water injection from the temperature of 180 °C (parameter **trMA**) to the temperature of 40 °C (parameter **trMn**). Passing from a cooking cycle to a steam cycle, an automatic cooling phase will take place if the cavity temperature is over the set point of the steam cycle.

Boiler automatic drain: The automatic boiler drain takes place each 15 minutes of working of the boiler heating elements/burners (parameter **dbon** in quarter of hour) and if the water temperature is lower than 50 °C (parameter **tcdb**). Then the boiler is automatically filled

Board cooling: The cooling fan is activated starting from the temperature defined in parameter **Sbc**.

³ At the beginning of each phase the cavity is brought at a certain temperature with a COOLING phase without water or with an hot air cycle

Boiler preheating: After the filling of the boiler, the water is heated up to 85 °C (parameter **SPHb**) and maintained at this temperature if the boiler is not used (if the preheating is enabled i.e. if parameter **dSPS** is set to 1).

Hour counters: The hour counter parameters are the following:

- **hbol:** boiler quarter of hour counter from the latest draining (automatic or manual)
- **hAir:** hot air mode hour counter
- **hStM:** steam mode hour counter
- **hcMb:** combi mode hour counter

Parameter PPM: Setting this parameter to 1, the Energy Optimiser function is enabled (with Sicotronic system) in the foreseen electric ovens. The 2 high voltage digital inputs named IND4 (X10-11/5) and IND5 (X10-11/6) and the 2 output relays RL5 and RL24 are used. RL5 is closed each time the oven has to use the heating elements at half or full power while RL24 is closed when the heating elements have to be used at full power (independently from Sicotronic system). IND4 and IND5 are the high voltage inputs of the commands from Sicotronic system: if on IND4 and IND5 are present 230V the oven is working normally; if only one is at 230V the oven is forced from Sicotronic system to work at half power (with no visualization on the display); if both IND4 and IND5 are at 0V, the oven is forced to cut all the heating elements

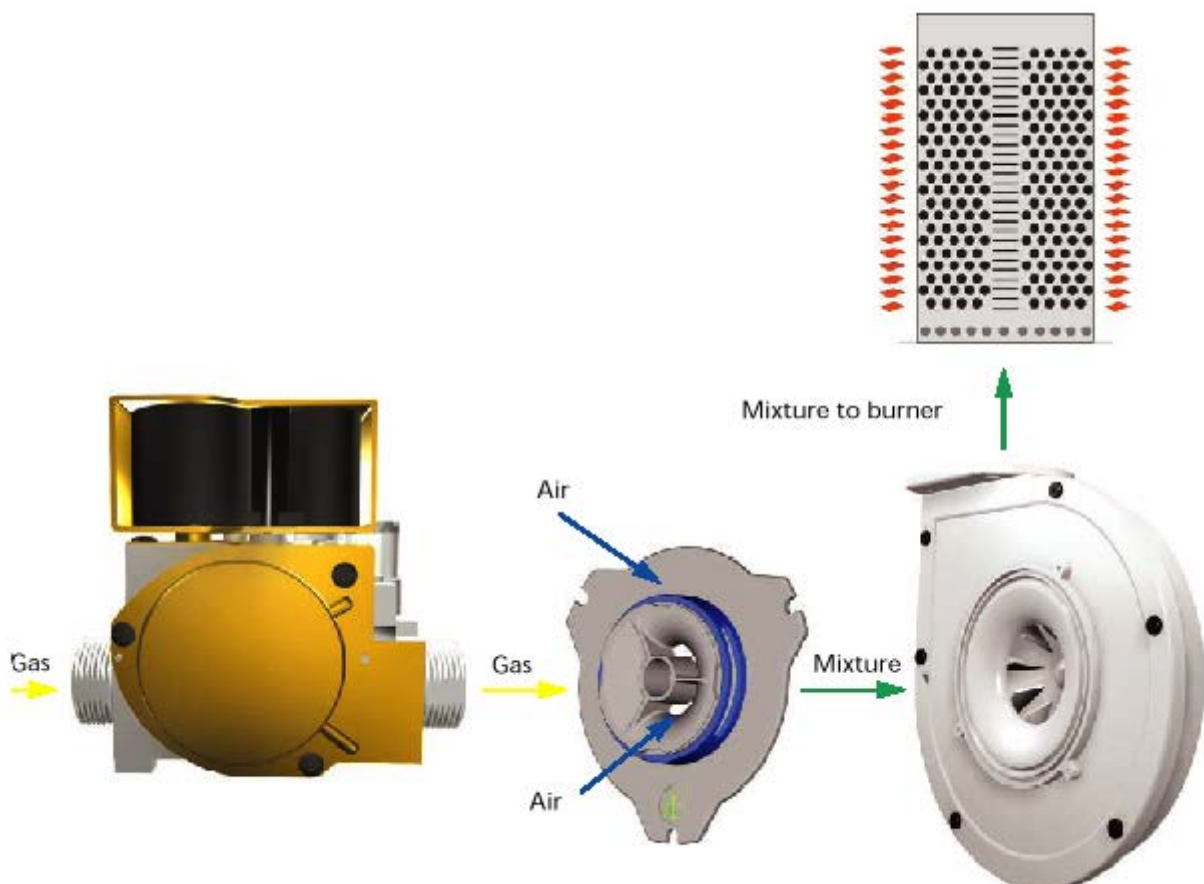
Parameter DEMO: If enabled (set to 1), this parameter makes the oven working in demo function i.e. the user interface is fully working but the oven does not make any real function (no load is activated).

Parameter tbon: Timeout for E SL error; if it is set to 0 the control is disabled (from firmware 2.80).

Parameter AbSP: Setting this parameter to 1, the selected cooking cycle starts closing the door without pressing the START/STOP button.

Parameter dSPS: Setting this parameter to 1 the pre-heating of the boiler is disabled when the oven is not in cooking mode, so the pre-heating will start at the beginning of a combi or steam mode or of a recipe that provided the use of those modes in one of its steps.

13 Gas system



The gas system is made with CO and NO_x low emission burner. The main components are the following:

- gas valve from SIT type SIGMA 848
- AC burner blower that is intaking air through a calibrated mixer where the air-gas mixture is created; then the fan conveys the mixture to the burner
- A cavity and a boiler heat exchanger made with a corrugated tube for increasing the efficiency
- An ignition rod and a detection rod
- A flame control device
- An external igniter

Starting a cooking cycle, the POW board of the oven activates the flame control device and the burner fan whose speed is controlled with a PWM signal.

The POW board activates the flame control device. From pin 8 of this device a high voltage output (230 Vac) is carried to the relevant burner fan and to the high voltage digital input section of the POW board (X10/5÷8). With an high voltage input on X10/5÷8, the POW board generates on X9/2÷5 a PWM signal to control the speed of the burner fans (a signal that defines the rotating speed of the fan and so the quantity of sucked air and gas) and the 12 Vdc on X9/1 to feed the inner board of the burner fan. The PWM signal changes according to the status of the burner, i.e.:

- Start of the burner: controlled with parameters **StcA** (start of cavity burners) and **Stbo** (start of boiler burners).
- Full power of the burner: controlled with parameters **Fuca** (full power of cavity burners) and **Fubo** (full power of boiler burners)
- Half power of the burner: controlled with parameters **hAcA** (half power of cavity burners) and **hAbo** (half power of boiler burners)

The quantity of sucked gas is controlled with those parameters (which are determining the speed of the burner fans), with the injector/diaphragm inserted at the outlet of the gas valve and with the calibration of the offset value on the gas valve.

The quantity of sucked air is controlled with the above parameters and with the calibrated aerator on the mixer.

The ignition sequence is then the following:

- The POWER board activates the flame control device
- After 1.5 s, the control device activates the fan that start at the speed determined with parameters **Stxx**
- The flame control device activates the external igniter through pin 14, the igniter generates the spark for 2s and after these, there are 2 s for flame detection
- If the flame is detected, the start speed is maintained for around 10 s and after this time the fans are carried to their working speed (half or full power)
- If the flame is not detected, the fan keep on running for an inter purge phase of 15 s; after this phase there is a stop of the fan for 1 s and the ignition sequence is repeated. If the flame is still not detected there will be again 15 s of purging phase and this for five times before the lockout signal.

In case of loosening of the flame signal during working, only one re-ignition attempts takes place.

So if the burner fan is off for at least 0.5 s (the fan is controlled from the flame control device through the 230Vac signal from pin 8), the POW board deduces that the flame control device is going to try again an ignition sequence and then goes back to the beginning of the ignition sequence. If on the contrary the burner fan is off for at least 5 s, the POW board deduces that the flame control device is in lockout.

In case of conversion to different type of gas, besides the injector/diaphragm also the parameters, which control the PWM signal, and the offset pressure calibration have to be changed according to the gas calibration table

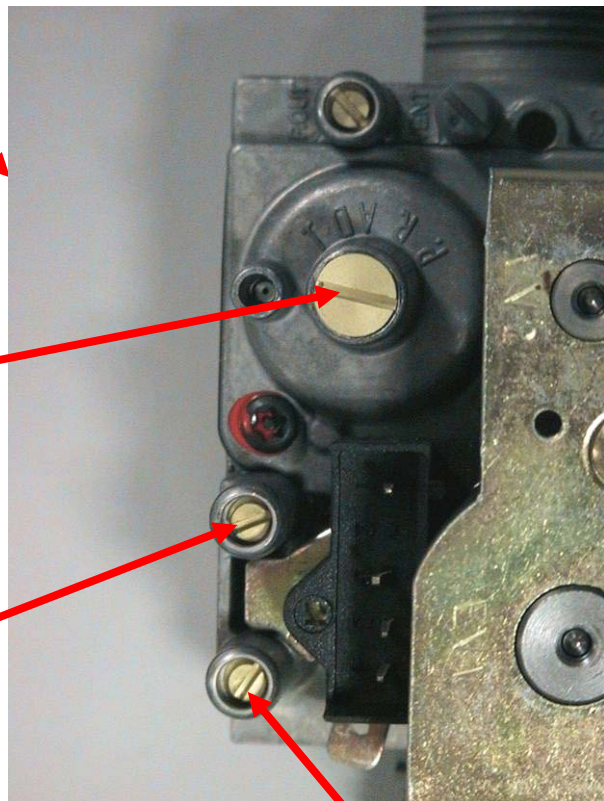
NB: In case of changing from natural gas to LPG or G30 in some models, the fan flange (fig. 24) has to be changed; these changes has to be made in

- CAVITY burner of 10 2/1 e 20 2/1 ovens
- BOILER burner of 10 1/1, 10 2/1 e 20 1/1 ovens

13.1 Gas valve



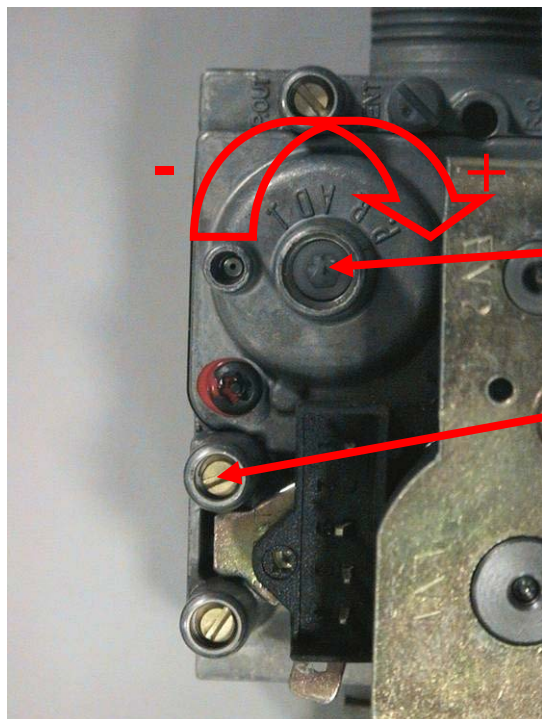
Injector



Remove this threaded cap to get access to the offset adjustment screw

Offset pressure test point

Inlet pressure test point



Offset adjustment screw

Offset pressure test point



Fig. 23 - Injector

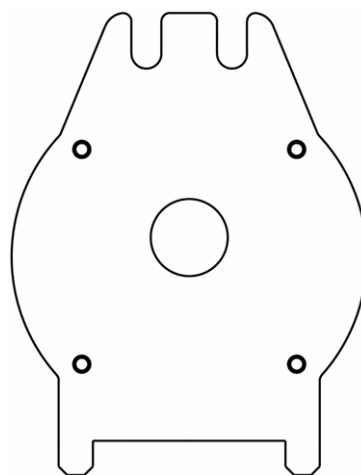


Fig. 24 – burner flange

13.2 Offset pressure calibration

For the adjustment of the offset pressure, connect a manometer with a resolution of 1 Pa (100 Pa=1 mbar) to the offset pressure test point after loosening the sealing screw. To adjust the cavity gas valve offset, set a hot air cycle, half power; to adjust the boiler gas valve offset select a steam cycle, half power. Wait around 3 minutes for the stabilization of the pressure before adjusting it turning slowly the screw indicated in the picture above.

13.3 Use of manometer (for offset pressure measure)



Fig. 26 - Manometer 0S0388

Using the pressure inlet signed with “+” and with negative reading on the display as in the fig. 27-28, this means we are measuring **- 0.16 hPa = - 16 Pa**:

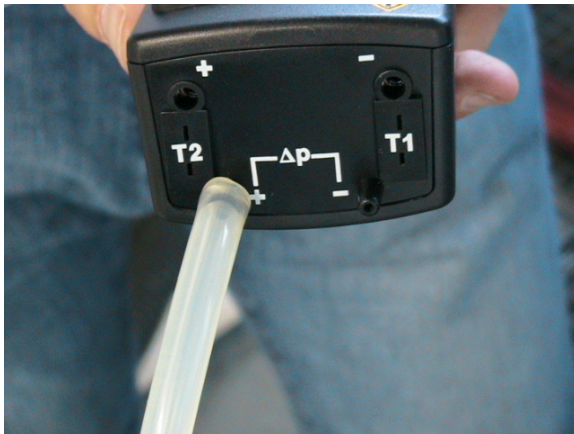


Fig. 27



Fig. 28

Using the pressure inlet signed with “+” and with positive reading on the display as in the fig. 29-30, this means we are measuring **+ 0.16 hPa = + 16 Pa**:

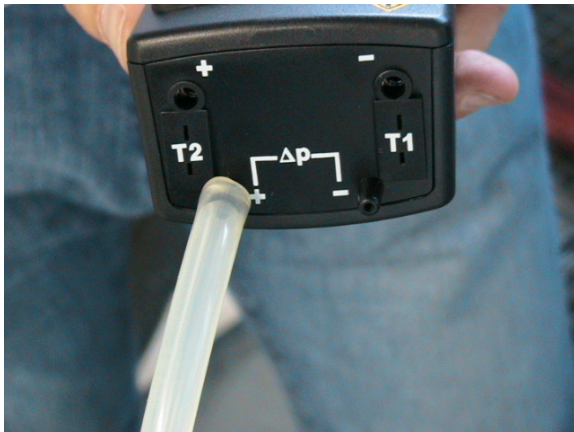


Fig. 29



Fig. 30

Using the pressure inlet signed with “-” and with negative reading on the display as in the fig.31-32, this means we are measuring **+ 0.16 hPa = + 16 Pa**:



Fig. 31



Fig. 32

Using the pressure inlet signed with “-” and with positive reading on the display as in the fig. 33-34, this means we are measuring **- 0.16 hPa = - 16 Pa**:



Fig. 33



Fig. 34

14 Change of the microprocessor board

In case of changing of the microprocessor board, the following operations/calibrations have to be done:

- 1) Default parameter programming
- 2) Change parameters according to the parameter list
- 3) Lambda probe calibration for lev. A ovens
- 4) By-pass calibration (lev. B ovens) and cavity offset (parameter **OCA1**), or only cavity offset for lev. A and C ovens.

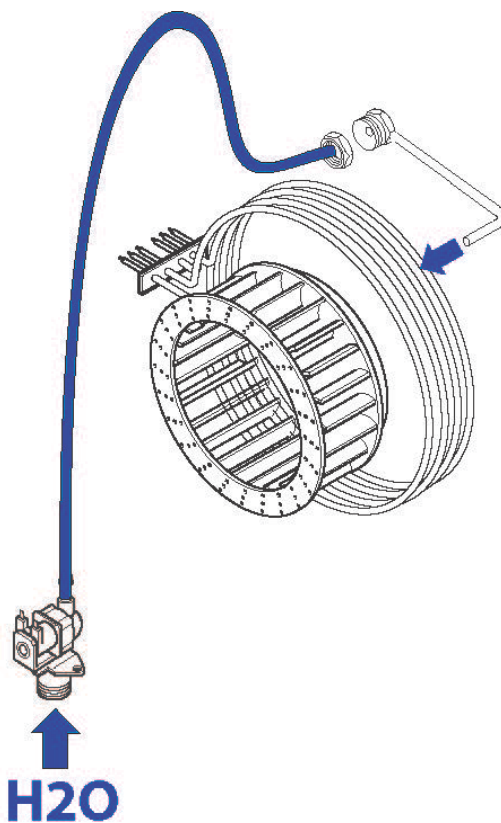
15 Humidity levels (only level C)

The functional level “K” manages 10 levels of humidity which is obtained by injecting water directly on the cavity fan. Water then changes status becoming steam once it encounters the cavity heaters (gas or electric). The obtained steam is then mixed with air and put in circulation through the fan.

A dedicated water valve with nominal flow rate of **0,25 l/min** is used for the above purpose.

The 10 humidity levels are the result of a different timing of the water solenoid valve, as per following table:

Humidity level	Time on (sec)	Time off (sec)
0	0	0
1	1	43
2	1	39
3	1	34
4	1	29
5	1	25
6	1	20
7	1	15
8	1	10
9	2	10
10	7	3



Example of electric heated oven



Electrolux Professional S.p.A.
Ovens Platform Customer Support
Technical Training & Service

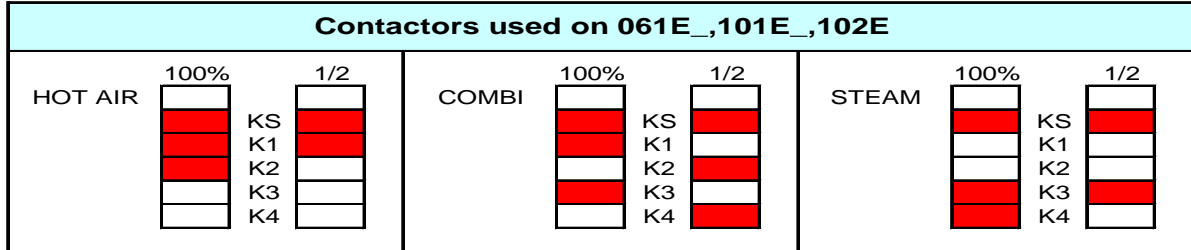
AOS ONE OVENS
Service manual
(593804600 - ENG)

APPENDIX A – WATER BOILING POINT

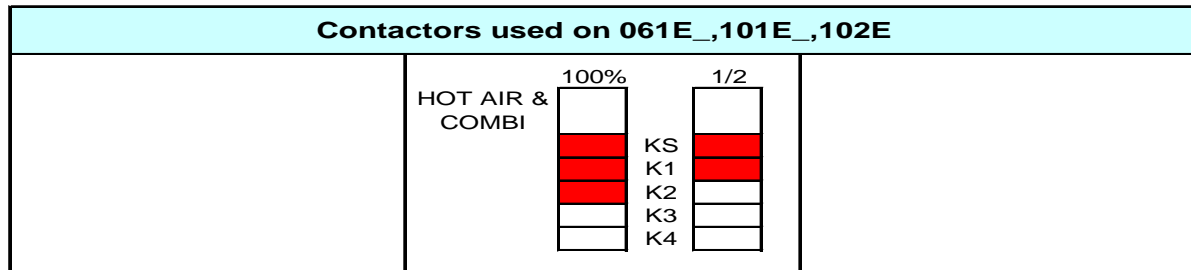
Height (m)	Water boiling point (°C)
0	100.00
300	98.90
500	98.30
800	97.50
1000	96.80
1500	95.00
2000	93.50

APPENDIX B – CONTACTORS DIAGRAM

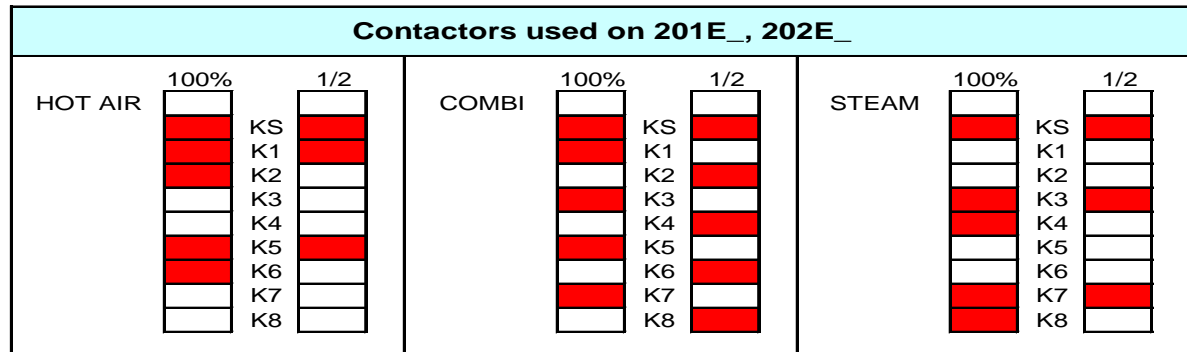
LEV. A and B



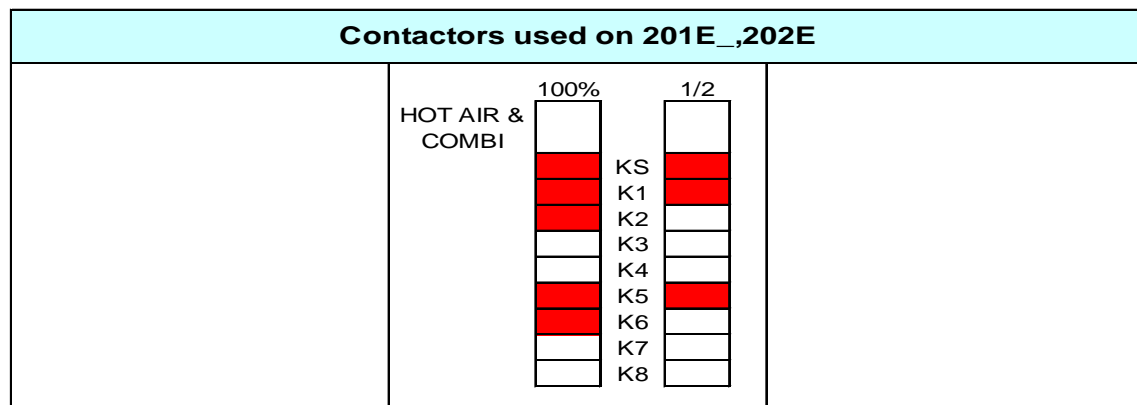
LEV. C



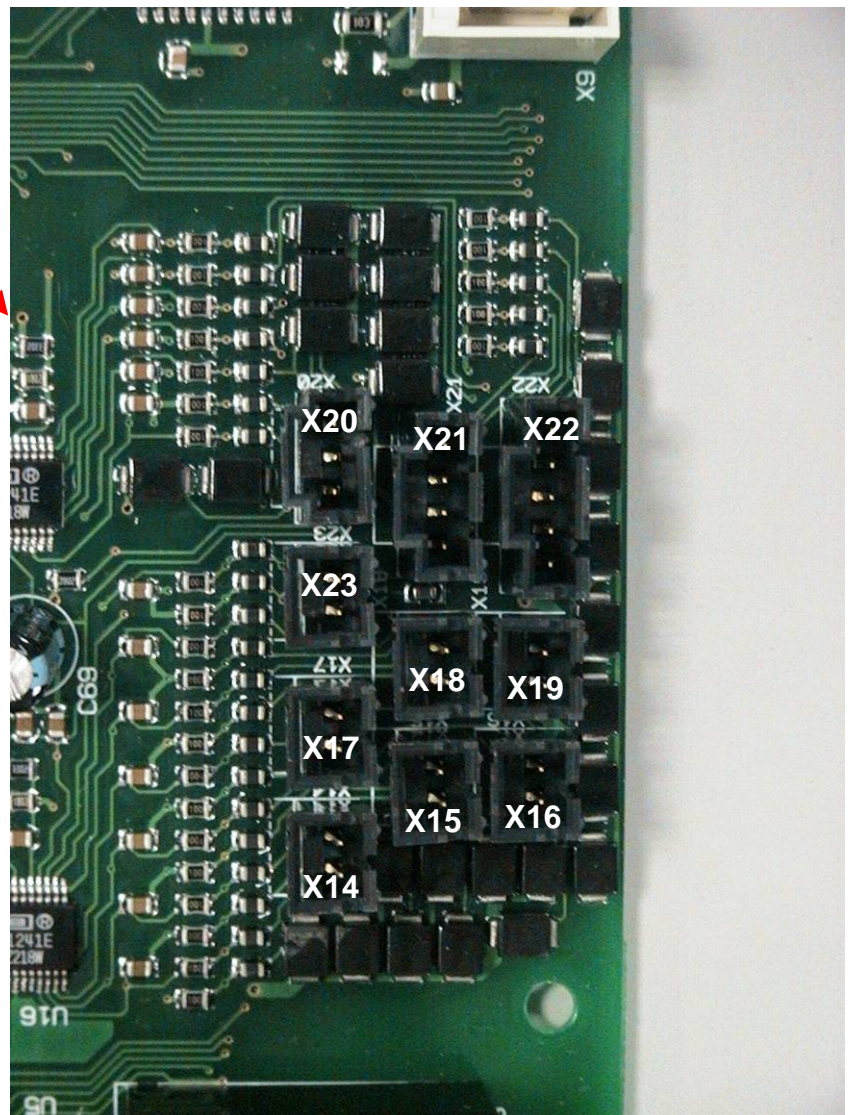
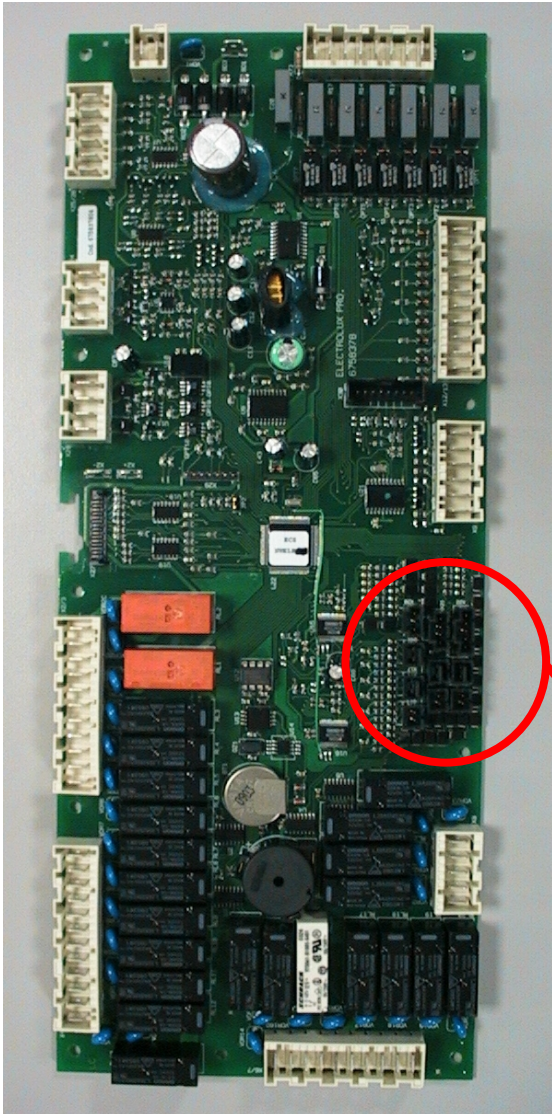
LEV. A and B



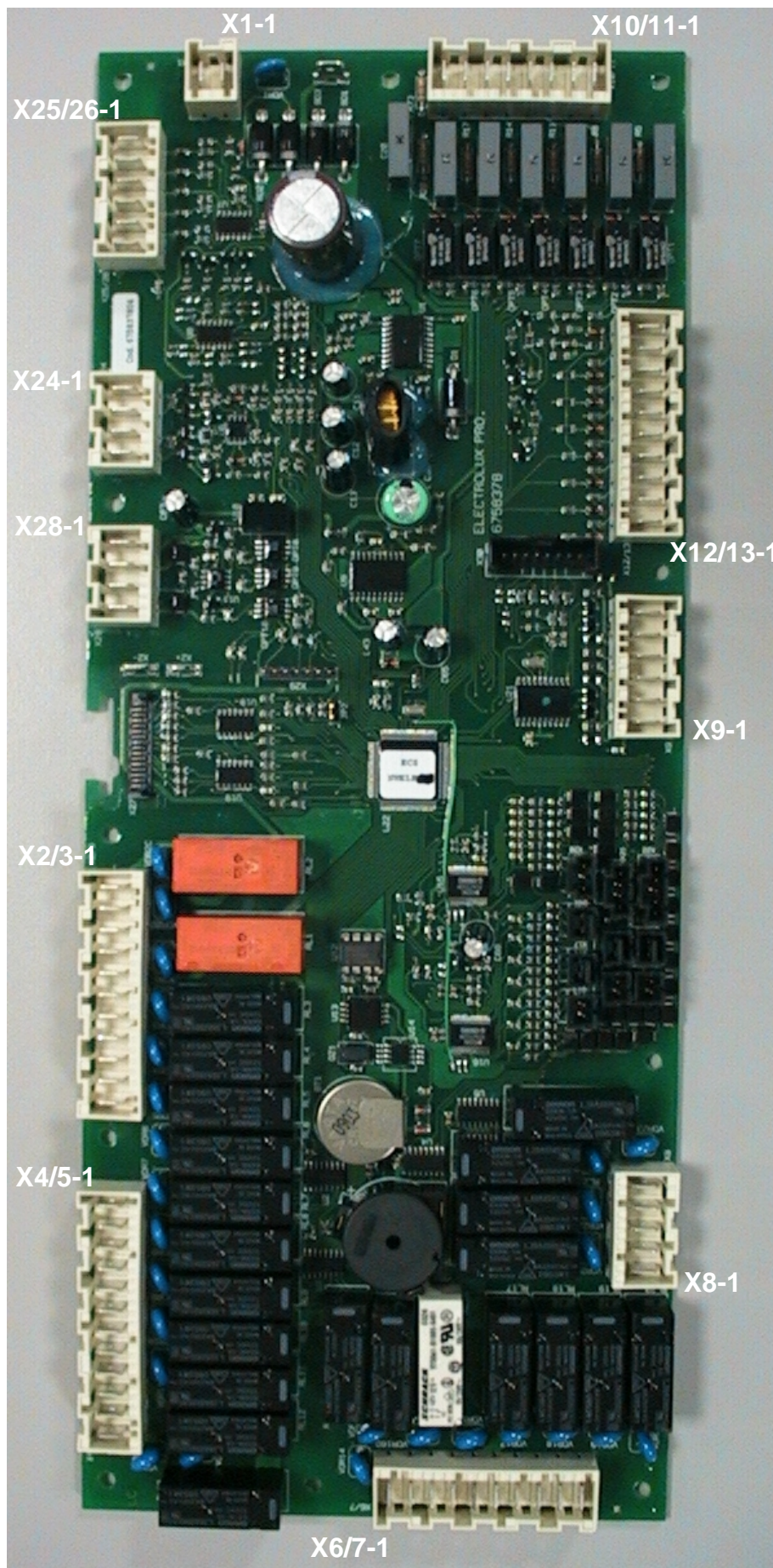
LEV. C



APPENDIX C – CONNECTIONS ON MAIN BOARD (Lev. A)



Put a jumper to make a short in the not used connections.



Connector	Description
X1	Main board supply (24 Vac)
X2/3	Power supply to cavity fan motors, cooling fans, cavity flap motor, switching feeder for the lambda probe
X4/5	Power supply to coils of cavity/boiler heating element contactors or cavity/boiler burner gas valves, steam condensing valve, humidifier valve, cavity lamps
X6/7	Power supply to boiler water filling valves, boiler drain valve
X8	Power supply to cleaning system
X9	Output of PWM signal and 12 Vdc for burner fans
X10/11	High voltage digital input, i.e. thermal protection of the cavity fan motors and command signal of the burner fans from the ignition devices
X12/13	Low voltage digital input, i.e. cleaning system water pressure switch, cavity limiter, boiler limiter, door micro switch and micro switch of the cavity flap
X14	Connection of bypass probe
X15	Connection of cavity probe
X16	Connection of boiler probe
X17	Connection of single point meat probe
X18	Connection of second cavity probe
X19	Connection of second boiler probe
X20, X21, X22	Connections of multi point probe
X23	Connection of lambda probe
X25/26	Connections of water level probes
X28	RS485 connection

APPENDIX D – LAMBDA PROBE

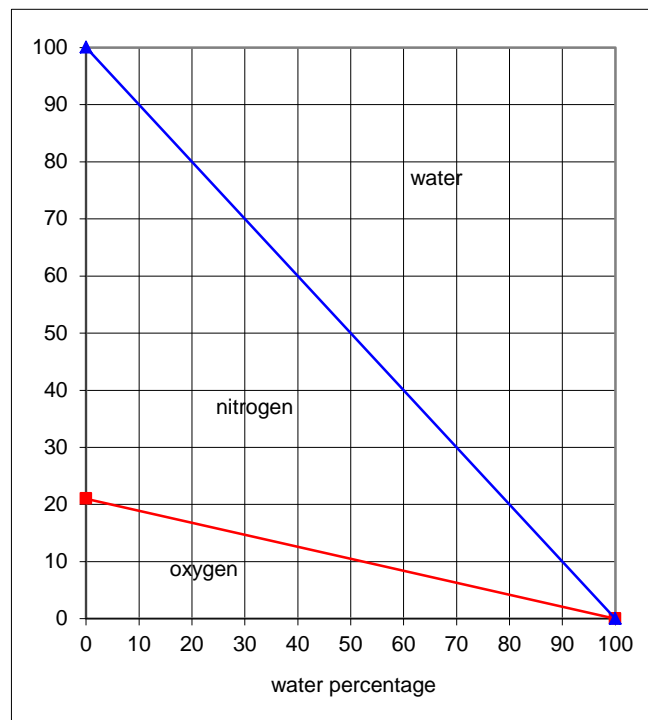
In the lev. A ovens the lambda probe is used to measure the humidity. How does it work?

The lambda probe permits measurement of oxygen concentration through a solid electrolyte (ceramic element)

The ceramic part of the probe is in the form of a tube closed at one end. The inside and outside surfaces of the ceramic sensor have a microporous platinum layer (electrode). The platinum layer, which is in contact with the analyzed gas, is covered with a highly porous protective ceramic layer.

The ceramic sensor (ZrO_{2-B} – solid electrolyte) is heated from inside by means of a ceramic heater so that the temperature of the sensor ceramic remains above 350 °C. Starting from 300°C, the ZrO_{2-B} sensor becomes conductive for the oxygen ions so that if there is a different concentration of oxygen at the two sides of the sensors (one side is in contact with the analyzed gas, the other side is in contact with the external), a voltage is generated.

Since the Oxygen/Nitrogen ratio in the air is constant, a measurement of the concentration of oxygen enables the percentage of a third gas (in this case water vapor) to be determined. In fact the addition of a third gas to a sample of air has the effect of reducing in a proportional manner the presence of oxygen and nitrogen so that, as said, determining the relative concentration of oxygen allows the amount of the third introduced gas of the mixture to be determined (see the diagram).



Connections on the lambda probe:

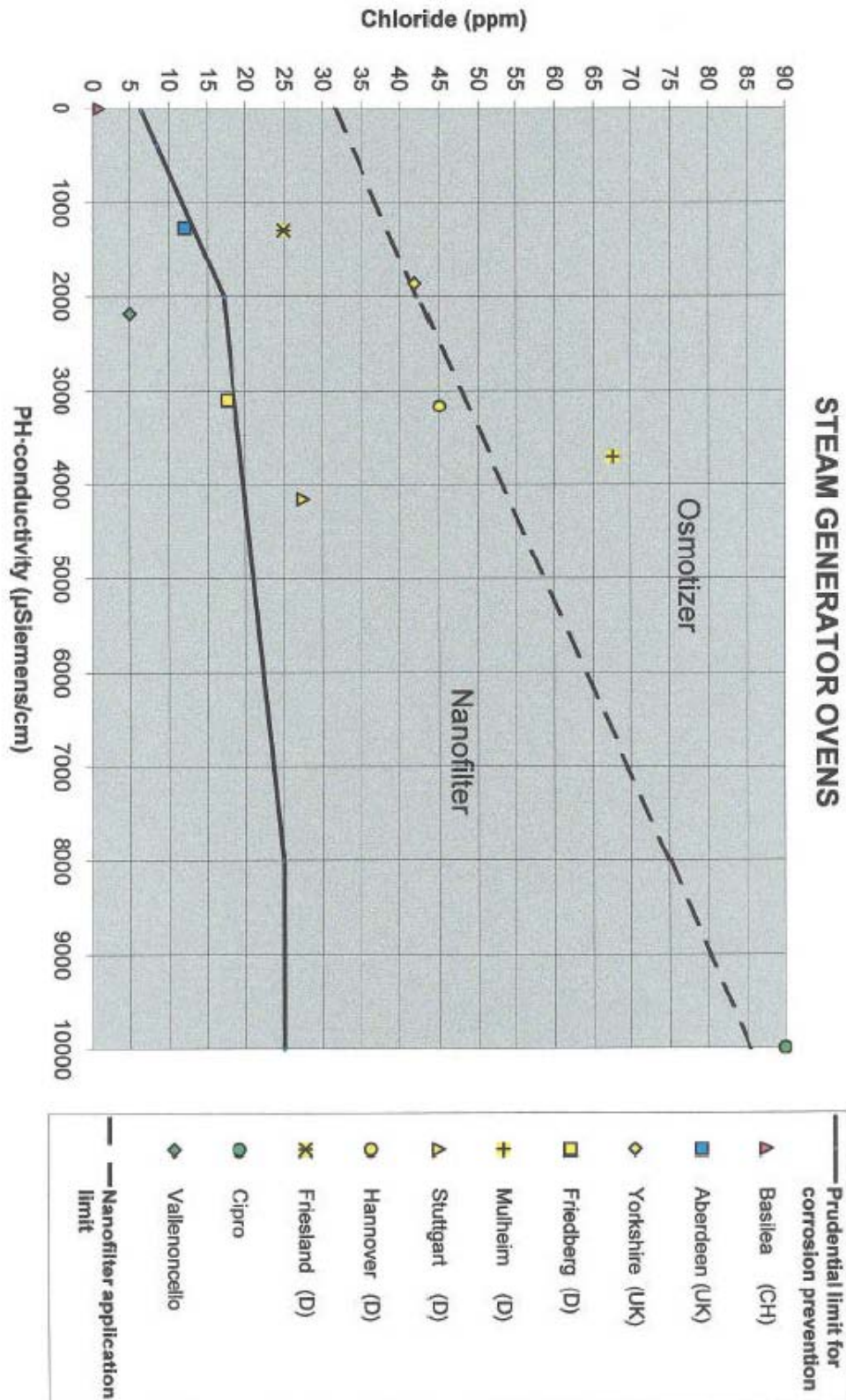
- Pin 1: not used
- Pin 2-3: connections to the main board (connector X23)
- Pin 4-5: connections to the switching feeder

APPENDIX E – PARAMETER DESCRIPTIONS

Nome	Descrizione
6Prb	Presence of 6-point meat probe (1=yes for lev. A, 0 for lev. B)
AbLP	Flag to enable only the half power mode in the gas version (0=disable; 1= enable)
AbSP	Flag to enable starting of cooking closing the door (0=disable; 1=enable)
AbtF	Flag to enable the by-pass probe (0=disabled ; 1=enabled)
Addr	RS485 address
AL1E	Flag to enable detergent/rinser level probes (0=disable; 1=enable) when the relevant sensors are installed
ALFn	Activation of cavity motor thermal protection
APPL	Level of the oven
APPM	Type of oven
bAud	RS485 bit rate
bot	Max. steam generator overheating (ETUB alarm)
chr1	First character of the password
chr2	Second character of the password
chr3	Third character of the password
chr4	Fourth character of the password
chr5	Fifth character of the password
chr6	Sixth character of the password
chr7	Seventh character of the password
chr8	Eighth character of the password
CLt1	Length of detergent injection (phase A)
CLt2	Length of detergent+water injection (phase A)
CLt3	Length of rinsing+water injection (phase C)
CLt4	Length of water injection (phase C)
cort	Flag to enable cavity temperature displaying adjustment
cot	Max. cooking chamber overheating (ETUC alarm)
dbon	Delay for boiler drain
dCLn	Flag to disable automatic cleaning cycles (1=disable)
dCLo	Flag to enable automatic cleaning cycles from "utility" button (0=enable; 1=disable)
dEMO	Flag to enable DEMO (0=disable; 1=enable)
dSod	Flag to disable the oven stops when door is open in convection, steam and combi mode: (0=the oven stops)
dSPS	Flag to disable pre-heating of the boiler when the oven is in stand-by mode (0=enable pre-heating; 1=disable)
dtSb	Delay for activation of fast filling during opening of boiler drain valve
duM	Maximum length of a phase with cavity temperature over 250 °C
E2PP	Flag to enable storing/erasing of recipes on EEPROM (0=enable; 1=disable)
ECLn	Temperature for starting time computation of phase 1 during semi-automatic cleaning
EnFL	Presence of motorised cavity flap (1=yes)
Ertc	Flag to enable the RTC real time clock (0=disable; 1= enable)
FAHr	Temperature unit (°F = 1, °C = 0)
FAn	Start speed of the motor (only for USA gas 2/1 models) 0=start at the selected speed; 1=start at full speed; 2= start at half speed
FCLn	Minimum time to force a cleaning cycle (0=no cleaning cycle)
Fubo	PWM value at full power of boiler burners
FucA	PWM value at full power of cavity burners
GAS	Define if the oven is GAS heated (1) or ELECTRIC heated (0)

Nome	Descrizione
hAbo	PWM value at middle power of boiler burners
HabP	Steam condenser engagement in "hot air" mode
hAcA	PWM value at middle power of cavity burners
hAir	Hot air hour counter
hboL	Boiler hour counter
HbYP	Max humidity value to stop the boiler
HCCP	HACCP Mode
hcMb	Combi hour counter
Hdut	Flag to enable heater duty cycle (0=disable; 1=enable)
hHEA	Delay on burner flame ignition after the start of the cavity motor
hStM	Steam hour counter
Huon	ON phase of the humidifier with combi cycle between 50 and 100 degrees
LAMB	Presence of lambda probe (1=yes)
LanG	Language for the menu
Man	Flag to enable manual cookings (0=disable; 1=enable)
nMod	Define if the modification of store program is disable
OCA1	OFFSET of first cavity probe
0lbd	Calibration of the lambda probe (0% of humidity)
PASS	Flag to enable password (0=disable, 1=enable)
PAUT	Flag to enable special programs, i.e. preheating programs and Low temperature (0=disable; 1=enable)
PFAC	Flag to enable factory preset recipes (0=disable; 1=enable)
PPM	Flag to enable Peak Power Management (0=disable; 1=enable)
PrEH	Flag to enable cavity preheating during cooking (0=disable; 1=enable)
Sbc	Cooling temperature set for board ventilation
SbYP	Bypass temperature with max. cooking cavity steam temperature (calibration)
SEAL	Altitude above sea level
SinC	Boiler temperature that detect presence of scale
SPHb	Preheating temperature of the boiler
SPHF	Boiler temperature during leavening
Stbo	PWM value at start of boiler burners
StbP	Steam condenser engagement in "boiler" mode
StcA	PWM value at start of cavity burners
StoF	Minimum time for "switch off" of boiler
Ston	Minimum time for "switch on" of boiler
tbon	Timeout for E SL alarm, water level probe alarm
tcdb	Max water temperature for boiler drain
tCMS	Limit of cavity temperature set for working at high temperature
thMA	Define the max. temperature limit for the manual injection of water
tPrn	Print frequency (0=no print)
trMA	Define the max. temperature for water injection during cooling phase
trMn	Define the min. temperature for water injection during cooling phase

APPENDIX F – WATER TREATMENT



Summary table:

Graph	Not required	Not required	Nanofilter	Nanofilter	Osmotizer	Osmotizer
Hardness	< 5°F	> 5°F	< 5°F	>5°F	< 5°F	> 5°F
Treatment	Not required	Softener	Nanofilter	Nanofilter	Osmotizer	Osmotizer

APPENDIX G – CONNECTION TO HACCP SYSTEM

EKIS OPTIONAL ACCESSORY SYSTEM

PNC 922166

APPENDIX H – RELAY DESCRIPTIONS

ELECTRIC OVENS	
RL 1/do1	FAN MOTOR POWER SUPPLY
RL 2/do2	HALF/FULL SPEED FAN MOTOR
RL 3/do3	COOLING FAN/S
RL 4/do4	SAFETY CONTACTOR (KS OR KS1&KS2) /LAMBDA FEEDER
RL 5/do5	N/A
RL 6/do6	CAVITY VENT VALVE
RL 7/do7	K2/K6 CONTACTOR/S (FOR CAVITY)
RL 8/do8	K4/K8 CONTACTOR/S (FOR BOILER)
RL 9/do9	K1/K5 CONTACTOR/S (FOR CAVITY)
RL 10/do10	K3/K7 CONTACTOR/S (FOR BOILER)
RL 11/do11	CAVITY UMIDIFIER SOLENOID VALVE
RL 12/do12	STEAM CONDENSER SOLENOID VALVE
RL 13/do13	CAVITY LAMPS
RL 14/do14	BOILER SLOW WATER FILLING
RL 15/do15	BOILER FAST WATER FILLING
RL 16/do16	BOILER AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE
RL 17/do17	N/A
RL 18/do18	N/A
RL 19/do19	N/A
RL 20 /do20	N/A
RL 21/do21	DETERGENT PUMP
RL 22/do22	RINSE PUMP
RL 23/do23	WATER SOLENOID VALVE (CLEANING SYSTEM)
RL 24/do24	N/A

GAS OVENS	
RL 1/do1	FAN MOTOR POWER SUPPLY
RL 2/do2	HALF/FULL SPEED FAN MOTOR
RL 3/do3	COOLING FAN/S
RL 4/do4	LAMBDA SWITCHING FEEDER
RL 5/do5	N/A
RL 6/do6	CAVITY VENT VALVE
RL 7/do7	CAVITY IGNITION DEVICE RESET
RL 8/do8	BOILER IGNITION DEVICE RESET
RL 9/do9	CAVITY IGNITION DEVICE POWER SUPPLY
RL 10/do10	BOILER IGNITION DEVICE POWER SUPPLY
RL 11/do11	CAVITY UMIDIFIER SOLENOID VALVE
RL 12/do12	STEAM CONDENSER SOLENOID VALVE
RL 13/do13	CAVITY LAMPS
RL 14/do14	BOILER SLOW WATER FILLING
RL 15/do15	BOILER FAST WATER FILLING
RL 16/do16	BOILER AUTOMATIC DRAIN VALVE
RL 17/do17	N/A
RL 18/do18	N/A
RL 19/do19	N/A
RL 20/do20	N/A
RL 21/do21	DETERGENT PUMP
RL 22/do22	RINSE PUMP
RL 23/do23	WATER SOLENOID VALVE (CLEANING SYSTEM)
RL 24/do24	N/A